

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: 606 Date Printed: 6/23/22

Product Name: STINGER QUICK CHERRY VINYL & PLASTIC COATING Supersedes Date: Dec 07, 2018

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Version: 3.0

Distributor's Name: STINGER CHEMICAL

Address: 1100 PLEASANTVILLE DR. - HOUSTON, TX 77029

Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

Information Phone Number: (713) 227-1340

Product/Recommended Uses: Vinyl/Plastic Coating

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Aerosols - Category 1

Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied Gas

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2B

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

Pictograms









Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Physical

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous Statements - Health

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H320 - Causes eye irritation.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

606 Page 1 of 8

Precautionary Statements - General

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Precautionary Statements - Response

- P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

- P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
- P403 + P405 Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| 0000110-54-3 | HEXANE | 38% - 62% |
| 0063148-62-9 | SILICONE | 17% - 29% |
| 0068476-86-8 | Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened | 14% - 23% |
| 0000100-52-7 | BENZALDEHYDE | 0.1% - 1.1% |

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Get medical attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Eye Contact

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools. This may result in frothing and increased fire intensity.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Product is highly flammable and forms explosive mixtures with air, oxygen, and all oxidizing agents. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

Fire-Fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Recommended Equipment

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

Ventilation Requirements

Use in a well-ventilated place.

Storage Room Requirements

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Skin Protection

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing vapors. In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

| Chemical Name | OSHA TWA (mg/m3) | OSHA TWA (ppm) | OSHA STEL (mg/m3) | OSHA Carcinogen | OSHA Skin designation | OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) | ACGIH TWA (ppm) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| ACETOPHENO NE | | | | | | | | 10 |
| AMYL ACETATE | 525 | 100 | | | | 1 | | 50 |
| BENZYL ACETATE | | | | | | | | 10 |
| DIETHYL PHTHALATE | | | | | | | 5 | |
| HEXANE | 1800 | 500 | | | | 1 | | 50 |
| Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened | 2000 | 500 | | | | 1 | | |

| Chemical Name | NIOSH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH Carcinogen | ACGIH TLV Basis | ACGIH Notations | NIOSH TWA (mg/m3) | NIOSH TWA (ppm) |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| ACETOPHENO NE | | | | | Eye irr; CNS impair; Pregnancy loss | | | |
| AMYL ACETATE | | | 100 | | URT irr | | 525 | 100 |
| BENZYL ACETATE | | | | A4 | URT irr | A4 | | |
| DIETHYL PHTHALATE | | | | A4 | URT irr | A4 | 5 | |
| HEXANE | | | | | CNS impair; peripheral neuropathy; eye irr | Skin; BEI | 180 | 50 |

606 Page 4 of 8

| Chemical Name | NIOSH STEL (mg/m3) | OSHA STEL (ppm) | NIOSH Carcinogen |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| ACETOPHENO NE | | | |
| AMYL ACETATE | | | |
| BENZYL ACETATE | | | |
| DIETHYL PHTHALATE | | | |
| HEXANE | | | |
| Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened | | | |

⁽C) - Ceiling limit, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

| Density | 5.82 lb/gal |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Density VOC | 4.35 lb/gal |
| % VOC | 74.7% |
| Appearance | N.A. |
| Odor Threshold | N.A. |
| Odor Description | N.A. |
| рН | N.A. |
| Water Solubility | N.A. |
| Flammability | Flash point below 73°F/23°C |
| Vapor Pressure | N.A. |
| Flash Point | N.A. |
| Viscosity | N.A. |
| Lower Explosion Level | N.A. |
| Upper Explosion Level | N.A. |
| Vapor Density | N.A. |
| Melting Point | N.A. |
| Freezing Point | N.A. |
| Low Boiling Point | N.A. |
| High Boiling Point | N.A. |
| Decomposition Pt | N.A. |
| Auto Ignition Temp | N.A. |
| Evaporation Rate | Slower than ether |
| | |

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

606 Page 5 of 8

Dropping containers may cause bursting.

Incompatible Materials

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

No data available.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Carcinogenicity

No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Acute Toxicity

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

INHALATION causes irritation of respiratory tract, cough, mild depression, cardiac arrhythmias. It has been reported that a 10 minute exposure to 5,000 ppm caused dizziness and a sensation of giddiness INGESTION causes nausea, vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression.

0000628-63-7 AMYL ACETATE

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LD50 (oral, rat): 16.6 g/kg (mixed amyl acetate) (2) LD50 (oral, rat): 6.5 g/kg (mixed amyl acetate) (4)
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LD50 (dermal, guinea pig): 8.3 g/kg (mixed amyl acetate) (10)

0000110-54-3 HEXANE

LC50 (male rat): 38500 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 77000 ppm (271040 mg/m3) (1-hour exposure) (15)

LC50 (rat): 48000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (16)

LC50 (rat): 73680 ppm (260480 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure) (n-hexane and isomers) (1,3)

LD50 (oral, 14-day old rat): 15840 mg/kg (3) LD50 (oral, young rat): 32340 mg/kg (3) LD50 (oral, adult rat): 28700 mg/kg (3,16)

0000140-11-4 BENZYL ACETATE

LD50 (oral, rat): 2.49 g/kg(7)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 830 mg/kg (8, unverifiable; translation of original not available)

LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 2.2 g/kg (8, unverifiable; translation of original not available)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 2.6 g/kg (6)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 17.5 g/kg (mixed amyl acetate) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 5 g/kg(7)

0000098-86-2 ACETOPHENONE

LD50 (oral, rat): 900 mg/kg (15) LD50 (oral, rat): 3000 mg/kg (16)

LD50 (dermal, guinea pig): greater than 20600 mg/kg (cited as greater than 20.0 mL/kg) (16)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Bio-Accumulative Potential

No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| | U.S. DOT Information | IMDG Information | IATA Information |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| UN number: | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| Proper shipping name: | Aerosols | Aerosols | Aerosols, flammable |
| Hazard class: | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packaging group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Hazardous substance (RQ): | No Data Available | | |
| Marine Pollutant: | No Data Available | No Data Available | |
| Note / Special Provision: | (LTD QTY) | (LTD QTY) | (LTD QTY) |
| Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: | No Data Available | | |

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight | Regulation List |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| 0000110-54-3 | HEXANE | 38% - 62% | SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, California Proposition 65 Toxicity Male, OSHA |
| 0063148-62-9 | SILICONE | 17% - 29% | SARA312,TSCA |

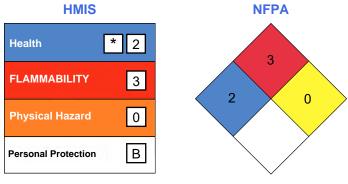
606 Page 7 of 8

| 0068476-86-8 | Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened | 14% - 23% | SARA312,TSCA,OSHA |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| 0000100-52-7 | BENZALDEHYDE | 0.1% - 1.1% | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



(*) - Chronic effe

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606 Page 8 of 8